

Code: EX0130000M



Page 1/12

Revision: 20/11/2018

[_] Industrial [X] Professional [X] Consumers

Version: 2 Revision: 20/11/2018 Previous revision: 16/12/2015 Date of printing: 20/11/2018

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: **Pocket**

Code: EX0130000M

RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES AND USES ADVISED AGAINST: 1.2

Intended uses (main technical functions):

Sectors of use

Professional uses (SU22).

Consumer uses (SU21).

Uses advised against

This product is not recommended for any use or sector of use (industrial, professional or consume) other than those previously listed as 'Intended or identified uses'.

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use, according to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Not restricted.

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET:

MONTANA COLORS, S.L.

Pol. Ind. Plà de les Vives - c/An aïs Nin 6 - 08295 Sant Vicenç de Castellet (Barcelona) ESPAÑA

Phone: +34 93 8332760 - Fax: +34 93 8332761 - www.montanacolors.com

E-mail address of the person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet:

e-mail: msds@montanacolors.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +34 93 8332787 (9:00-17:00 h.) (working hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE ORMIXTURE:

tion in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2017/776 (CL

DANGER: Flam. Aerosol 1:H222+H229 | Skin Irrit. 2:H315 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 | STOT RE 2:H373i | EUH066

Danger class	Classification of the mixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Targetorgans	Effects
Physicochemical: Human health: Environment: Not classified	Flam. Aerosol 1:H222+H229 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 STOT RE 2:H373i EUH066	Cat.1 Cat.2 Cat.2 Cat.3 Cat.2	Skin Eyes Inhalation Inhalation Skin	Skin Eyes CNS Systemic Skin	Irritation Irritation Irritation Narcosis Damage Dryness, Cracking

Full text of hazard statements mentioned is indicated in section 16.

Note: When in section 3 a range of percentages is used, the health and environmental hazards describe the effects of the highest concentration of each component, but below the maximum value.

2.2



This product is labelled with the signal word DANGER in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2017/776 (CLP)

Hazard statements:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H373i May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements: P101

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271-P260d Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe spray. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501a Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations. upplementary statements:

EUH208 Contains polyhydroxyalkylamides, 2-butanone-oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Substances that contribute to classification:

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Ethyl acetate

2.3 OTHER HAZARDS

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture:

Other physicochemical hazards: Vapours may form with air a mixture potentially flammable or explosive.

Other adverse human health effects: No other relevant adverse effects are known.

Other negative environmental effects: Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/vPvB criteria.



Code: EX0130000M



Revision: 20/11/2018 Page 2/12

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCES

Not applicable (mixture).

3.2 **MIXTURES**:

This product is a mixture.

Chemical description:

Aerosol.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Substances taking part in a percentage higher than the exemption limit:

15 < 20 %	Butane CAS: 106-97-8, EC: 203-448-7 CLP: Danger: Flam. Gas 1:H220 Press. Gas:H280	Index No. 601-004-00-0 < REACH / CLP00
15 < 20 %	Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7, EC: 215-535-7 REACH: 01-2119488216-32 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 Acute Tox. (skin) 4:H312 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 STOT RE 2:H373i Asp. Tox. 1:H304	Index No. 601-022-00-9 < REACH
15 < 20 %	Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6, EC: 205-500-4 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 EUH066	Index No. 607-022-00-5 < REACH / ATP01
5 < 10 %	Propane CAS: 74-98-6, EC: 200-827-9 CLP: Danger: Flam. Gas 1:H220 Press. Gas:H280	Index No. 601-003-00-5 < REACH / CLP00
5 < 10 %	Isobutane CAS: 75-28-5 , EC: 200-857-2 REACH: 01-2119485395-27 CLP: Danger: Flam. Gas 1:H220 Press. Gas:H280	Index No. 601-004-00-0 < REACH/CLP00
1 < 2 %	n-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 , EC: 204-658-1 REACH: 01-2119485493-29 CLP: Warning: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 STOTSE (na rcosis) 3:H336 EUH066	Index No. 607-025-00-1 < REACH / ATP01
< 0,15 %	Polyhydroxyalkylamides EC: 430-050-2 REACH: 01-0000017633-70 CLP: Warning: Skin Sens. 1:H317 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411	Index No. 616-127-00-5 < REACH / CLP00
< 0,15 %	2-butanone-oxime CAS: 96-29-7, EC: 202-496-6 CLP: Danger: Acute Tox. (skin) 4: H312 Eye Dam. 1:H318 Skin S ens. 1:H317 Carc. 2:H351	Index No. 616-014-00-0 < REACH/CLP00

Does not contain other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Stabilizers:

None

Reference to other sections:

For more information on hazardous ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVHC):

List updated by ECHA on 27/06/2018.

Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None

Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None

PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES: Does not contain substances that fulfill the PBT/vPvB criteria.





Revision: 20/11/2018 Page 3/12

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST-AID MEASURES:



Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Lifeguards should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid.

Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
Inhalation:	Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness.	Remove the patient out of the contaminated area into the fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stops, administer artificial respiration. If the person is unconscious, place in appropriate recovery position. Keep the patient warm and at rest until medical attention arrives.
Skin:	Skin contact causes redness. Prolonged contact may cause skin dryness.	Remove immediately contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain.	Remove contact lenses. Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, until the irritation is reduced. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat, abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show container or label. Do not induce vomiting. Keep the patient at rest.

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED:

The main symptoms and effects are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

Notes to physician: Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Antidotes and contraindications: Specific antidote not known.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Extinguishing powder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also alcohol resistant foam and water spray/mist. Do not use for extinguishing: direct water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to extinguish the fire, since the fire may spread.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Fire can produce a dense black smoke. As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Harmful. Irritant. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

Special protective equipment: Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or is not being used, combat fire from a sheltered position or from a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Other recommendations: Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENTAND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opposition to the wind direction.

6.2 <u>ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:</u>

Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Avoid use of solvents. Keep the remains in a closed container.

6.4 REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1.

For information on safe handling, see section 7.

For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

For waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.



Code: EX0130000M



Revision: 20/11/2018 Page 4/12

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: 7.1

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

General recommendations

Avoid any type of leakage or escape.

Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:

Pressurised container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Do not smoke.

-82* °C - Flash point Autoignition temperature #

421* °C 9.0 % Volume 25°C Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:

Do not eat, drink or smoke in application and drying areas. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. Avoid applying the product directly to people, animals, plants or foodstuffs. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:

It is not considered a danger to the environment. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Avoid extreme humidity conditions. For more information, see section 10.

According to current legislation. Class of storage

Maximum storage period 24. months

min: 5. °C, max: 50. °C (recommended). Temperature interval

Incompatible materials

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Type of packaging:

According to current legislation.

Limit quantity (Seveso III): # Directive 2012/18/EU:

Not applicable (product for non industrial use)...

7.3 **SPECIFIC END USES:**

For the use of this product do not exist particular recommendations apart from that already indicated.





Page 5/12

Revision: 20/11/2018

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (TLV)

AGCIH 2017	<u>Year</u>	TLV-TWA		TLV-STEL		<u>Remarks</u>
		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
Butane	2012	1000.	-	-	-	
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	1996	100.	434.	150.	651.	A4 ,BEI
Ethyl acetate	1996	400.	1440.	-	-	
Propane	2004	1000.	-	-	-	
Isobutane	2012	1000.	-	-	-	
n-butyl acetate	2015	50.	237.	150.	713.	

- TLV Threshold Limit Value, TWA Time Weighted Average, STEL Short Term Exposure Limit.
- A4 Non classified as carcinogenic in humans.
- BEI Biological exposure index (biological monitoring).

BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

This preparation contains the following substances that have established a biological limit value:

- Xylenes (technical or commercial grade) (2011): Biological determinant: methylhippuric acids in urine, BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, Sampling time: end of shift (2).
- (2) When the end of the exposition not coincide with the end of the working day, the sample will be taken as soon as possible after the real exposition ceases.

DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

Derived no-effect level, workers: - Systemic effects, acute and chronic: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3	s/r (c) 77.0 (c) 734. (c) s/r (c) s/r (c) 480. (c) - (c) 9.00 (c)	DNEL Cutane mg/kg bw/d - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a) 11.0 (a) - (a) 2.50 (a)	- (c) 180. (c) 63.0 (c) - (c) - (c) 11.0 (c) - (c) 1.30 (c)	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a)	- (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c)
Derived no-effect level, workers: - Local effects, acute and chronic: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3	s/r (c) s/r (c) 734. (c) s/r (c) s/r (c) 480. (c) - (c) 3.33 (c)	DNEL Cutane mg/cm2 - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a)	- (c) s/r (c) s/r (c) - (c) - (c) s/r (c) - (c) - (c)	DNEL Eyes mg/cm2 - (a) - (a) b/r (a) - (a) - (a) S/r (a) - (a) - (a) - (a)	- (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c)
Derived no-effect level, general population: - Systemic effects, acute and chronic: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3	s/r (c) 14.8 (c) 367. (c) s/r (c) s/r (c) 102. (c) (c) 2.70 (c)	DNEL Cutane mg/kg bw/d - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a) 6.00 (a) - (a) 1.50 (a)	- (c) 108. (c) 37.0 (c) - (c) - (c) 6.00 (c) - (c) 0.780 (c)	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a) 2.00 (a) - (a) - (a)	- (c) 1.60 (c) 4.50 (c) - (c) - (c) 2.00 (c) - (c) - (c)

- (a) Acute, short-term exposure, (c) Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.
- (-) DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).
- s/r DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).
- b/r DNEL not derived (low hazard).





Revision: 20/11/2018 Page 6/12

Derived no-effect level, general population:	DNEL Inhalation	DNEL Cutaneous	DNEL Eyes
- Local effects, acute and chronic:	mg/m3	mg/cm2	mg/cm2
Butane	s/r (a) s/r (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	174. (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	- (a) - (c)
Ethyl acetate	734. (a) 367. (c)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	- (a) - (c)
Propane	s/r (a) s/r (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)
Isobutane	s/r (a) s/r (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)
n-butyl acetate	860. (a) 102. (c)	s/r (a) s/r (c)	s/r (a) - (c)
Polyhydroxyalkylamides	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)
2-butanone-oxime	- (a) 2.00 (c)	- (a) - (c)	- (a) - (c)

- (a) Acute, short-term exposure, (c) Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.
- (-) DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).
- s/r DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).

PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):

		ı	
Predicted no-effect concentration, aquatic organisms: - Fresh water, marine water and intermittent release:	PNEC Fresh water	PNEC Marine	PNEC Intermittent
Butane	mg/i	mg/i	mg/i
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	0.327	0.327	0.327
Ethyl acetate	0.260	0.0260	1.65
Propane	0.260	0.0260	1.05
Isobutane	-	-	_
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.180	0.0180	0.360
n-butyl acetate	0.160	0.0180	0.360
Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	0.256	-	0.118
2-butanone-oxime	0.256	-	0.116
- Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and	PNEC STP	PNEC Sediments	PNEC Sediments
marine water:	mg/l	mg/kg dry weight	mg/kg dry weight
Butane	-	-	-
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	6.58	12.5	12.5
Ethyl acetate	650.	1.25	0.125
Propane	-	-	-
Isobutane	-	-	_
n-butyl acetate	35.6	0.981	0.0981
Polyhydroxyalkylamides	-	-	-
2-butanone-oxime	117.	-	-
Predicted no-effect concentration, terrestrial organisms:	PNEC Air	PNEC Soil	PNEC Oral
- Air, soil and effects for predators and humans:	mg/m3		mg/kg bw/d
Butane	mg/ms	mg/kg dry weight	ing/kg bw/d
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	_	2.31	_
Ethyl acetate		0.240	200.
Propane		0.240	200.
Isobutane			
n-butyl acetate	s/r	0.0903	n/b
Polyhydroxyalkylamides	3/1	0.0900	1775
2-butanone-oxime		_	
2 Datations Oxinite	_	_	=

- (-) PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).
- s/r PNEC not derived (not identified hazard).
- n/b PNEC not derived (not bioaccumulative potential).

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

ENGINEERING MEASURES:





Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protection of respiratory system: Avoid the inhalation of vapours.

Protection of eyes and face: It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.

Protection of hands and skin: It is recommended to install water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin. Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Directive 89/686/EEC~96/58/EC:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding EC marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc..), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

Mask:	Suitable combined filter mask for gases, vapours and particles (EN14387/EN143). Class 1: low capacity up to 1000 ppm, Class 2: medium capacity up to 5000 ppm, Class 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class must be selected depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accordance with the specifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does not work satisfactorily when the air contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less than 18% in volume.
Safety goggles:	Safety goggles with suitable lateral protection (EN166). Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.
Face shield:	No.





Page 7/12

Revision: 20/11/2018

Relative water





Gloves resistant against chemicals (EN374). There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier should be taken into account. Use the proper technique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid contact of the product with the skin. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.

Boots:

Apron: No.

Clothing: Advisable

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

No.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Avoid any spillage in the environment Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

Spills on the soil: Prevent contamination of soil.

Spills in water: Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

Water Management Act: # This product does not contain any substance included in the list of priority substances in the field of water policy under Directive 2000/60/EC~2013/39/EU.

Emissions to the atmosphere: Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. When possible, avoid solvent release to the atmosphere; do not pulverize more than is strictly necessary.

Aerosol.

Characteristic

Not available

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not available

Not miscible

Not applicable

Not applicable (mixture).

Not available (mixture).

Not applicable (mixture). Not applicable

Not applicable (non-aqueous media).

0.793* at 20/4°C

Not available (technical impossibility to obtain the data).

VOC (industrial installations): # If this product is used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applicable the Directive 2010/75/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations: Solvents : 75.1% Weight, VOC (supply): 75.1% Weight, VOC: 58.7% C (expressed as carbon), Molecular weight (average): 77.4, Number C atoms (average): 5.0.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Appearance Physical state

- Odour - Odour threshold

pH-value

- pH

Change of state

- Melting point

Initial boiling point

Density

Vapour density

Relative density

Stability

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity:

· Viscosity (flow time)

Volatility:

- Evaporation rate

Vapour pressure

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water:

- Liposolubility

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Flammability:

Flash point

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Autoignition temperature

Explosive properties

-82* °C 1.8*- 9.0 % Volume 25°C 421* °C

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source. Oxidizina propertie:

Not classified as oxidizing product.

*Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture.

9.2 **OTHER INFORMATION:**

- Heat of combustion 8850* Kcal/kg 24.9 % Weight Solids # 75.1 % Weight VOC (supply) VOC (supply) 595.2

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the corresponding technical data sheet. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 REACTIVITY:

Corrosivity to metals: It is not corrosive to metals. Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric.

SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH)

n accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

in accord	ance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EO) No. 2015/650
www.montanacok	Pocket Code: EX0130000M
10.2	CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.
10.3	POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis, amines, peroxides.
10.4	CONDITIONS TO AVOID: - Heat: Keep away from sources of heat. - Light: Avoid direct contact with sunlight. - Air: # The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open. - Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions. - Pressure: # Not relevant. - Shock: # The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to avoid dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations.
10.5	INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.
10.6	HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: # As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide.

Revision: 20/11/2018 Page 8/12

SECTION 11: TOXIC OLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2017/776 (CLP).

11.1 INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

ACUTE TOXICITY:

Dose and lethal concentrations for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	DL50 (OECD 401) mg/kg oral 4300. Rat 5620. Rat 10768. Rat > 5000. Rat 2400. Rat	DL50 (OECD 402) mg/kg cutaneous 1700. Rabbit 18000. Rabbit 17600. Rabbit > 2000. Rat 1840. Rabbit	CL50 (OECD 403) mg/m3.4h inhalation > 100000 Rat > 22080. Rat > 44000. Rat > 23400. Rat > 4830. Rat
No observed adverse effect level 2-butanone-oxime	NOAEL Oral mg/kg bw/d 125. Rat	NOAEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	NOAEC Inhalation mg/m3 90. Rat
Lowest observed adverse effect level 2-butanone-oxime	LOAEL Oral mg/kg bw/d 40. Rat	LOAEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	LOAEC Inhalation mg/m3

| INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EX POS URE : Acute toxicity:

IN ORMATION ON LIKELT ROOTES O	LXTOOOKL.Acdie to.	AIGITY.		
Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Inhalation: Not classified	ATE > 20000 mg/m3	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	CLP 3.1.3.6.
Skin: Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	CLP 3.1.3.6.
Eyes: Not classified	Not available	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).	CLP 1.2.5.
Ingestion: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	CLP 3.1.3.6.

CLP 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).





Revision: 20/11/2018 Page 9/12

CORROSION/IRRITATION/SENSITISATION:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Respiratory corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	CLP 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Skin	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes skin irritation.	CLP 3.2.3.3.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Eyes	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes serious eye irritation.	CLP 3.3.3.3.
Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	CLP 3.4.3.3.
Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	CLP 3.4.3.3.

CLP 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

CLP 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-	-	Not applicable.	CLP 3.10.3.3.

CLP 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Systemic:	RE	Systemic	Cat.2	# HARMFUL: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.	CLP 3.8.3.4.
Cutaneous:	RE	Skin	-	DEFATTENING: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	CLP 1.2.4.
Neurological:	SE	CNS	Cat.3	NARCOSIS: May cause drowsiness or dizziness if inhaled.	CLP 3.8.3.4.

CLP 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

CMR EFFECTS:

Carcinogenic effects: It is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity: It is not considered as a mutagenic product.

<u>Toxicity for reproduction:</u> Does not harm fertility. Does not harm the unborn child.

Effects via lactation: Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELLAS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE:

Routes of exposure: May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

Short-term exposure: Harmful by inhalation. Harmful in contact with skin. Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat; other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours.

<u>Long-term or repeated exposure:</u> Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available.

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINE TICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION:

Dermal absorption: Not available.

Basic toxicokinetics: Not available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Not available.





Revision: 20/11/2018 Page 10 / 12

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (FLI) No. 1272/2008~2017/776 (CLP)

2.1	TOXICITY:			
	Acute toxicity in aquatic environment for individual ingredients :	CL50 (OECD 203)	CE50 (OECD 202)	<u>CE50</u> (OECD 201)
	Xylene (mixture of isomers)	14. Fishes	16. Daphnia	> 10. Algae
	Ethyl acetate	212. Fishes	164. Daphnia	> 100. Algae
	n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides	18. Fishes > 1000. Fishes	44. Daphnia 16. Daphnia	675. Algae 4.1 Algae
	2-butanone-oxime	843. Fishes	750. Daphnia	83. Algae
	No observed effect concentration	NOEC (OECD 210) mg/L28days	NOEC (OECD 211) mg/l.21days	NOEC (OECD 201) mg/l.72hours
	n-butyl acetate 2-butanone-oxime	50. Fishes	23. Daphnia > 100. Daphnia	
	Lowest observed effect concentration Not available			
.2	PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: Not available.			
	Aerobic biodegradation	DQO	%DBO/DQO	Biodegradability
	for individual ingredients :	mgO2/g	5 days 14 days 28 days	<u> </u>
	Butane	3577.		Easy
	Xylene (mixture of isomers)	2620. 4540	~ 52. ~ 81. ~ 88.	Easy
	Ethyl acetate Propane	1540. 3629.	~ 62. ~ 69. ~ 94.	Easy Easy
	Isobutane	3577.		Not available
	n-butyl acetate	2204.	~ 80. ~ 82. ~ 83.	Easy
	Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime		72.	Easy Inherently
	Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of	data from various bibliographic sources.		
2	RIOACCI IMI II ATIVE POTENTIAL	g		
.3	BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: # May bioaccumulate.			I
.3	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients:	logPow	BCF L/kg	Potential Not available
.3	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane			Potential Not available Not available
.3	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate	3.16 0.730	L/kg	Not available Not available Not available
1.3	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane	logPow 3.16	L/kg 57. (calculated)	Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available
3	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane	3.16 0.730 2.36	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated)	Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available
.3	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate	3.16 0.730	L/kg 57. (calculated)	Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available
.3	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane	3.16 0.730 2.36	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated)	Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available
.4	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated)	Not available
	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available.	3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated)	Not available
	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL:	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated)	Not available
	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane	3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa·m3/mol 20°C	Not available Potential Not available
	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers)	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590 logKoc 2.25	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa·m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated)	Not available
	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590 logKoc 2.25 1.26	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa·m3/mol 20°C	Not available
	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers)	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590 logKoc 2.25	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa·m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated)	Not available
	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590 logKoc 2.25 1.26	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa·m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated)	Not available
	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590 logKoc 2.25 1.26 2.60	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa· m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated) 14. (calculated)	Not available
.4	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa· m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated) 14. (calculated)	Not available
.4	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT: Annex of the part of	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa· m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated) 14. (calculated)	Not available
	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVBASSESMENT: Annex Does not contain substances that fulfil the PBT/VPVB crite OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: Ozone depletion potential: Not available.	logPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa· m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated) 14. (calculated)	Not available
.5	# May bioaccumulate. Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not available. Mobility for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Ethyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Propane Isobutane n-butyl acetate Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT: Annex of the part of	Solution IogPow 3.16 0.730 2.36 1.81 0.590	57. (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) 6.9 (calculated) 3.2 (calculated) Constante de Henry Pa· m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated) 14. (calculated)	Not available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: # Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014:

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

SAFETY DATA SHEET (REACH)

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830



Pocket Code: EX0130000M



Revision: 20/11/2018 Page 11 / 12

Disposal of empty containers: # Directive 94/62/EC~2015/720/EU, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU:

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself. Ensure the container is completely empty before throwing it away.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

In accordance with local regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 **UN NUMBER: 1950**

UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME: 14.2

AEROSOLS

TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES) AND PACKING GROUP: 14.3

> Transport by road (ADR 2017) and Transport by rail (RID 2017):

2 - Packaging group: Classification code: Tunnel restriction code: (D)

Transport category: 2, max. ADR 1.1.3.6. 333 L - Limited quantities: 1 L (see total exemptions ADR 3.4)

- Transport document: Consignment paper.

- Instructions in writing: ADR 5.4.3.4

Transport by sea (IMDG 38-16):

Class: 2 (Division 2.1) Packaging group:Emergency Sheet (EmS): F-D.S-U - First Aid Guide (MFAG): 620*

Marine pollutant: - Transport document: Shipping Bill of lading.

Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2017):

2 (Division 2.1) - Packaging group: - Transport document: Air Bill of lading

Transport by inland waterways (ADN):

Not available.

14.7

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS 14.5

Not applicable (not classified as hazardous for the environment).

14.6 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER:

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL 73/78 AND THE IBC CODE: # Not applicable.

No.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC 15.1

The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this Safety Data Sheet.

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use: See section 1.2

Tactile warning of danger: If the product is intended for the general public, is mandatory a tactile warning of danger. The technical specifications for tactile warning devices shall conform with EN ISO standard 11683 relating to 'Packaging - Tactile warnings of danger - Requirements.'

Child safety protection: Not applicable (the classification criteria are not met).

Specific legislation on aerosols

It is applicable the Directive 75/324/EEC, 2013/10/EU, relating to aerosol dispensers and the Directive 87/404/EEC, concerning simple preasure packages.

OTHER REGULATIONS:

Control of the risks inherent in major accidents (Seveso III): See section 7.2

Other local legislations:

The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.

15.2 CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT:

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture.



Code: EX0130000M



Revision: 20/11/2018 Page 12 / 12

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:

Hazard statements according the Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2017/776 (CLP), Annex III:

H220 Extremely flammable gas. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H280 Contains gas under pressure: may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373i May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of Safety Data Sheets and labelling of products as well.

MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- · European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/
- Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2016).
- European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2017). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 38-16 (IMO, 2016).

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this Safety Data Sheet:

- REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations.
- CLP: European regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures.
- EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- UVCB: Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials.
- SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds.
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent.
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent.
- UN: United Nations Organisation.
- ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road.
- RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangeous goods by rail.
- IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- · IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- · ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

AFFTY DATA SHEFT REGULATIONS

Safety Data Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830.

HISTORIC: Revision Version: 1 16/12/2015 Version: 2 20/11/2018

Changes since previous Safety Data Sheet:

Legislative, contextual, numerical, methodological and normative changes since the previous version of the present Safety Data Sheet are identified by a red-italic hash (#).

The information of this Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users' working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product's properties.